

'My son the doctor' no longer page 3

Price: ILA.00 (Including VAT)

DAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1977 • KISLEV 20, 5738 • ZIL-HIJA 18, 1397 • VOL. XLVII, No. 14173

Dayan hits C for meddling

Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan has hit the United States for meddling in the Middle East dispute.

Dayan met with a group of American officials in Jerusalem yesterday, including West German...

Dayan went on to laud Sadat's initiative and said that he for need Dayan's appeal to...

at an official dinner in his Monday night had said...

Dayan said Dr. Franz-Josef Strauss, German Chancellor, is ready to negotiate without preconditions...

has accused West Germany members of the ECSC of round on the Middle East...

Dayan particularly deplored an American last June expression for a "Palestinian state"...

Dayan also said that the withdrawal of its pre-1967 borders...

Dayan met on Monday with German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt and economic minister...

Dayan is jumping from after landing here at Ben Gurion Airport...

Dayan is jumping from after landing here at Ben Gurion Airport...

Dayan is jumping from after landing here at Ben Gurion Airport...

Dayan is jumping from after landing here at Ben Gurion Airport...

Dayan is jumping from after landing here at Ben Gurion Airport...



Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan pauses to inspect the bust of Pharaoh Ramses II during an unscheduled tour yesterday of an Egyptian art exhibit in Bonn. Ramses is generally considered to be the pharaoh from whose oppression the Israelites escaped through the Exodus.

Direct peace talks approved in Katzir-Oduber statement

SAN JOSE, Costa Rica (AP). — A joint communiqué stressing Costa Rica's and Israel's commitment to direct negotiations as the only way to solve the Israel-Arab dispute...

San Jose from city officials. President Oduber hosted a dinner for Katzir and his wife Nina at the Hotel Carriari in the evening.

During a very busy day on Tuesday, Katzir placed a floral wreath on the national "hero's monument" and was the guest of honor at a luncheon given by the Israeli-Costa Rica Cultural Institute...

The morning Katzir will leave for Guatemala to complete the third leg of his Latin American tour.

El Al Boeing 707 to carry Israel delegation to Cairo

By DAVID LENNON, Jerusalem Post Correspondent. TEL AVIV. — Israel's delegation to the Cairo conference will fly in a Boeing 707 provided by El Al after the Prime Minister's Office asked the airline's managing director...

already carried out the necessary technical and operational arrangements to make the flight as soon as required.

Ethiopians deny threat to Harar

LONDON (Reuters). — An Ethiopian government spokesman in London yesterday denied Somali claims that they had control of the strategic mountain city of Harar and said the Somalis were some 50 km. from the city.

biggest incursion Somali forces had made inside Ethiopian territory, the spokesman added.

Historic old hotel in shadow of pyramids to house conference

Egypt (AP). — The Cairo Council by Egypt's President Sadat will be held in the old hotel in a historic building that has entertained kings and sultans.

built Mena House as a royal lodge and expanded it to include guest rooms in 1899 for the French Emperor Napoleon III and other dignitaries...

Sadat picks Ghorbal as foreign minister

Jerusalem Post Staff and Agencies

Egyptian President Anwar Sadat has called his ambassador in Washington, Ashraf Ghorbal, back to Cairo in order to take over the foreign ministry and orchestrate the preparatory peace negotiations with Israel beginning next week.

Ghorbal will succeed Ismail Fahmy who defected on the eve of Sadat's history-making visit to Jerusalem. Fahmy was temporarily replaced by the Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, Dr. Butros Ghali, who accompanied Sadat to Israel.

The official Middle East News Agency (MENA) quoted Fahmy as saying that he gave no interview to the newspaper "Al-Wakeel" and that the statements attributed to him were "completely false."

Meanwhile, Egypt yesterday went ahead with arrangements for a meeting to discuss reopening the Geneva Middle East peace conference, despite the fact that only Israel, the U.S. and the UN have formally accepted an invitation.

Syria has rejected outright an invitation to take part in the meeting, while Jordan in effect turned it down by saying it would go only if Syria and the Palestinians did so.

Contrary to press reports, Egypt has not sent invitations to personalities from the West Bank and the Gaza Strip. Nor have they sent an invitation to the Palestine Liberation Organization. The Egyptian government has promised to meet with PLO representatives, though not in the context of their negotiations with Israel, owing to Israel's unequivocal refusal to deal with the terrorist organization.

A foreign ministry source in Cairo stressed that the meeting would be informal, with no agenda drafted in advance and complete flexibility for those taking part.

Ehrlich: U.S. refused aid for Dead Sea canal

Jerusalem Post Reporter. The U.S. administration refused an Israeli request for financial aid in building a canal for hydroelectric power, Finance Minister Simcha Ehrlich revealed yesterday.

Speaking at Jerusalem's Hilton Hotel in a meeting organized by the Government Information Service, Ehrlich said that he had hoped that German investors might be interested in investing in the enormous project. Ehrlich will visit Germany next week.

Stages comeback

LONDON (AP). — The beleaguered U.S. dollar scored gains against the major European currencies Tuesday in its best day in weeks on foreign exchange markets.

Technion head to get IL3m. villa

Jerusalem Post Reporter. HAIFA. — The Technion is to build an official residence for its president, at a reported cost of some IL3m. The Technion Post learned last night. The scheme is being handled by the Technion's Organization and Planning Department.

Cairo parley to tackle matters of substance Israel to present draft peace treaty

By DAVID LANDAU, Post Diplomatic Correspondent

Israel will suggest that its "draft treaty for peace with Egypt" and the "working paper" on Geneva procedures recently concluded with the U.S. be used as starting-points for the Cairo Conference next week.

Highly placed sources who revealed this last night pointed out that neither the draft treaty nor the working paper has been formally rejected by Egypt.

Well-informed sources also ridiculed local reports yesterday which said the Cairo Conference would be "merely technical," with the issues of substance to be discussed later and elsewhere at a higher level.

While these sources did not rule out subsequent meetings of foreign ministers, even before Geneva itself, they asserted that severely substantive negotiations (such as the word they used) would be held at Cairo. There would be discussions about territory, about security, and about the components of peace.

Geneva procedure, though nominally "procedural," would in fact be replete with crucial issues of substance, these sources pointed out.

The draft treaty, composed by Attorney-General Aharon Barak and Foreign Ministry Legal Adviser Meir Rosenne (who is to be one of Israel's two negotiators at Cairo), was submitted to the Arab states via Washington during the summer.

While it dealt specifically with Israel-Egypt relations, it was intended as a prototype, valid for the other confrontation states too. It left the territorial aspect vague and open, and concentrated rather on Israel's view of "the nature of peace," defining in minute detail the components of the "positive peace relationship" that Israel wants to see established.

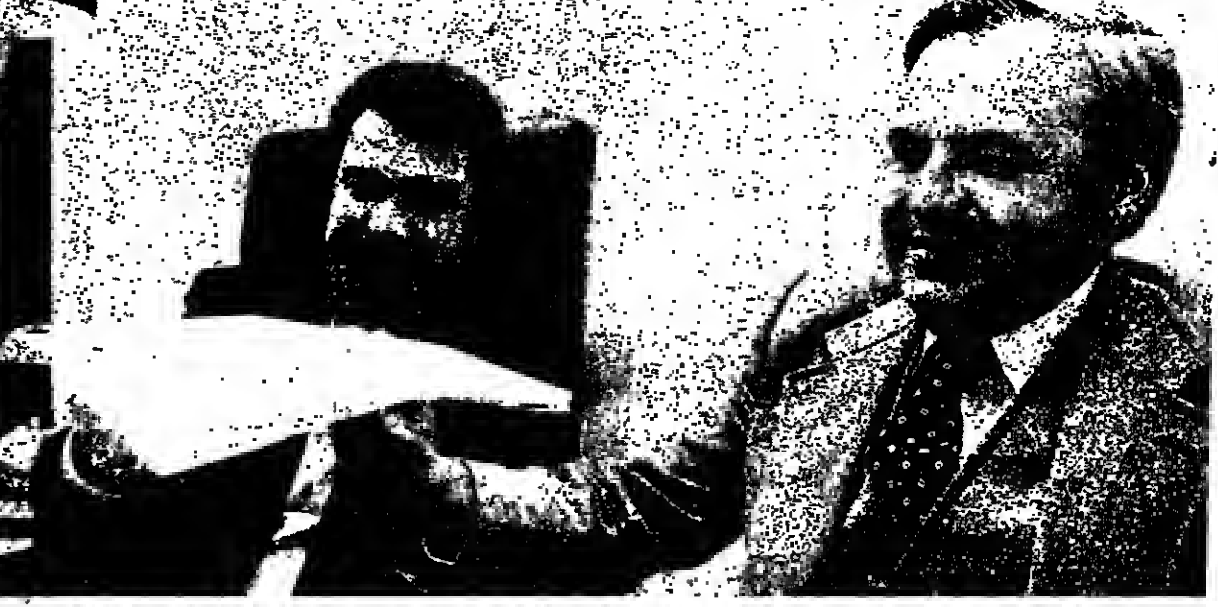
The U.S.-Israel working paper was hammered out by Foreign Minister Dayan in tough and lengthy talks with President Carter and Secretary of State Vance early in October. It provided for a united Arab delegation to attend the opening session of a reconvened Geneva Conference, later splitting into "working groups" to negotiate the various issues. The West Bank problem was to be discussed by a "working group" comprising Israel, Jordan, Egypt and unspecified Palestinians. (Israel flatly ruled out avowed PLO members.)

documents, the draft treaty and the working paper, could furnish a convenient basis for the concrete substantive negotiations that it expects to take place in Cairo.

Meanwhile the continued recalcitrance of the Arab hardliners, including Syria, and the apparent reluctance of Jordan to follow Sadat's lead — at least at this stage — are bringing observers here to the view that the Cairo Conference may yet result in a separate, bilateral settlement with Egypt and Israel — despite both countries' protestations that this is not their intention.

Sadat, these observers feel, can no longer turn back, while Israel, with the best will in the world, can hardly negotiate over the Golan and the West Bank in the absence of Syria and Jordan.

Thus the upshot may be an end-of-war settlement between Cairo and Jerusalem, with both sides declaring specifically that the other issues of the conflict remain open for future resolution.



Eliahu Ben-Elissar (left), director-general of the Prime Minister's Office, and Meir Rosenne, legal adviser to the Foreign Ministry, yesterday begin preparations to represent Israel in Cairo next week. They met with officials of the relevant ministries and with army officers.

U.S. accepts invitation to Cairo

By WOLF BLITZER, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

WASHINGTON. — The United States officially announced yesterday that it is accepting Egyptian President Sadat's invitation to participate in a conference in Cairo designed to prepare the way for a full-scale Geneva Middle East Peace Conference.

Officials here still maintain that U.S. support for a comprehensive settlement at Geneva has not diminished. They say that the Cairo conference will enhance the prospects for Geneva. They continue to avoid speculation about possible separate Israeli-Egyptian negotiations.

American officials have been disappointed in Moscow's actions since the signing of that communiqué, especially its opposition to Sadat's visit to Jerusalem and his proposal for a preliminary Cairo conference.

The State Department said that Secretary of State Cyrus Vance would not attend the Cairo conference, but it did not say who would attend, disclosing only that it would be someone on the "expert" level.

According to Kalb, Brzezinski is anxious to see the U.S. remain firm in continuing its support for a comprehensive settlement at Geneva, one involving the Syrians, the Palestinians, and the Soviets.

The Jewish leadership is gravely concerned over the Administration's continuing desire to try to elicit Syrian moderation. Syria's hardline position, aligning itself with the Rejection Front in opposing Sadat, is seen as evidence that the U.S. should abandon a comprehensive settlement scheme in favour of a return to the step-by-step approach, beginning with an Israeli-Egyptian agreement.

Moscow lying low on Sadat moves

By KEVIN KLOSE, Washington Post News Service

MOSCOW. — A frustrated Soviet leadership, angered and worried by the peace initiatives of Egyptian President Anwar Sadat, is exercising extreme caution in voicing its views for fear a mistake could harm its carefully nurtured position as a friend of most — if not all — Arabs.

In a roundup of world press comment on the Sadat moves, Tass declared that "Tel Aviv makes its stand even tougher, tries to get further concessions from Egypt in order to broaden the split in the ranks of Arab countries and above all to strike a blow at the PLO."

with Israel and is accelerating events. In a roundup of world press comment on the Sadat moves, Tass declared that "Tel Aviv makes its stand even tougher, tries to get further concessions from Egypt in order to broaden the split in the ranks of Arab countries and above all to strike a blow at the PLO."

With Sadat's extraordinary one-man display of diplomatic zeal now well into its third week, the Soviet leadership has yet to express itself officially on the subject.

The Soviets have made recognition of the Palestinians a condition of their Middle East diplomacy, and have called for the creation of a Palestinian state. They have reviled Israel as a "Zionist warmonger" intent upon expanding its boundaries at the expense of its weaker Arab neighbours.

Since 1972, when Sadat broke with the Kremlin, expelled Russian technicians and abrogated a friendship treaty with the USSR, the Kremlin has concentrated on initiatives with the other Arab states, especially Iraq and Syria.

Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko yesterday met with visiting Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul-Halim Khaddam for what was described as an attempt to coordinate policy on Sadat's recent initiatives, but no details on their talks were divulged. The Soviet press confined itself to reprinting reports on the subject from elsewhere in the world.

It used disparaging tones, however, making no secret of Soviet feelings. "The Cairo newspapers have published a number of articles in which, at long last, they mention again Arab solidarity and unity," the official Soviet news agency Tass said. "The papers strive to present matters in such a way as though in his latest speech to the National Assembly Sadat had upheld all Arab interests."

Hurwits sees Ceausescu. BUCHAREST (UPI). — Rumanian President Nicolae Ceausescu met yesterday with Industry Minister Yigal Hurwits, who is in Rumania for a regular meeting of the two countries' joint economic commission, the official news agency Agerpres reported.

Tonight on TV 11.30 p.m. Why Does My Neighbour Pay Less? An information telecast of the Electric Corporation which will be of interest to all consumers.



**Fashionnews:**  
For Her: We have now in the store the whole collection of Ted Lapidus and Carol sweaters and pullovers in marvellous colours, beautiful matching skirts, and  
For Him: At long last, the shipment of Ted Lapidus shirts and Valentino's cashmere jackets has arrived from Paris. **Fashionnews** for the Connoisseur only.  
**allevé adam**  
Tel Aviv: Alon Square, Near Shalom Park

#### THE WEATHER

Forecast: Clear to partly cloudy.

Yesterday's	Yesterday's	Today's
Humidity	Min-Max	Max
Jerusalem	57-71	17
Golan	58-68	17
Nahariya	56-68	22
Safed	58-68	22
Haifa Port	55-68	22
Tiberias	71-82	22
Nazareth	50-68	20
Afula	46-60	23
Shomron	63-72	18
Tel Aviv	57-71	22
B-C Airport	51-68	23
Jericho	51-68	27
Gaza	56-68	27
Beersheba	48-68	22
Eilat	40-68	26
Tiran Straits	45-68	26

#### SOCIAL & PERSONAL

The outgoing Ambassador of Switzerland, Jacques Bernard Ruedi, paid farewell visits yesterday to State Comptroller Dr. Yitzhak Nebenzahl and Jerusalem Mayor Teddy Koller.

The Ambassador of Denmark, Sven Ebbesen, yesterday called on the Minister of Energy and Infrastructure, Yitzhak Moda'i.

The veteran director of the Greek National Theatre, Takis Mousenidis, is visiting Israel as guest of the Foreign Ministry and the Israel theatre institute. Mousenidis will be meeting with Jerusalem Mayor Teddy Koller and Yitzhak Navon MK, and with theatre personalities in Tel Aviv and Haifa.

In the presence of Baron and Baroness Edmund de Rothschild and Baron and Baroness Gny de Rothschild, a Wizo day-care centre named after the two baronesses was dedicated yesterday at Neve Ya'acov, Jerusalem. Immigrant Absorption Minister David Levy and Mayor Teddy Koller were also present.

Prof. Dan Giladi of Tel Aviv University was yesterday awarded a Harshel Memorial Foundation prize for his research on Jewish agricultural settlement in Eretz Yisrael.

Mordechai Dolinsky, director of the Technion's public relations department, will address the Haifa Rotary Club (in English) on public relations and propaganda, at the Rot Hotel today at 1 p.m.

#### DEPARTURES

Janis Holland, former administrator of Forces in Israel, for New York where he will take up a post at UN headquarters after 20 years of service in the Middle East.

#### ARRIVALS

Valentin Georgiev, prominent Rumanian pianist, to give three recitals at the Mann Auditorium with violinist Sylvia Marcovici.

#### Post tours begin

A group of 23 Americans of all walks of life and from all parts of the U.S. arrived last night for the first in a unique series of study tours of Israel.

What all the visitors have in common is that they are subscribers to *The Jerusalem Post International Edition*, the weekly compilation of *Post* news and feature stories that circulates abroad.

The 30-day tours, called "Inside Israel - Behind the Headlines Tours," are designed to present our readers with a close look at various aspects of Israel not normally available to tourists but which add depth to current news items.

The members of the first group, for example, will be taken round major industrial plants, will visit the earliest kibbutz and the latest moshav, see an Israel Defence Forces tank unit in training, confer with recent immigrants, and be briefed by *Post* experts.

**TWO ROBBERS** grabbed a bag containing diamonds worth IL250,000 from Abraham Fisher yesterday evening as the diamond dealer was about to enter his house in Mishmar Hashiva.

## Post report prompts appeal by U.S. victims of Israel diplomats' cars

**Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter**  
A *Jerusalem Post* report on Israeli diplomats' claiming responsibility for traffic offences in the U.S. has apparently hurt Israel's good name — and fund-raising efforts there.

The story noted that the diplomats had refused to waive diplomatic immunity, and reported a Knesset speech in which Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan said the ministry might instruct its foreign service people to waive immunity. He was replying to a parliamentary question by Likud MK Hillel Seidel.

The *Post* story prompted appeals to the Israel government from victims of the traffic offences. In the wake of the report, Seidel has just received several letters from American Jews expressing distress over the situation. One is from Leonard E. Portuguese, of Silver Springs, Maryland. He writes that on April 25, 1976, he and Marula Gruss were hit while crossing the street in Washington by a car driven by Zvi Rafiah, counsellor in charge of

Congressional Liaison at the Israel embassy. They were hospitalized for more than two months and, Portuguese writes, he himself "will experience permanent disability."

He says that Rafiah had enough liability insurance to fully compensate him and Mrs. Gruss for the damages they suffered. However, Rafiah's insurance carrier "has not been willing to settle our claims because there has been no 'legal determination' of Rafiah's liability," and the Israel embassy "has not been willing to waive his immunity so that he can be sued."

Portuguese goes on to say that he has been forced to have his friends, and other interested persons carry placards in the vicinity of the Israel Embassy protesting against its refusal to waive Rafiah's immunity so as "to permit a court of law to establish his responsibility for having caused the extensive damages that were sustained by two American citizens."

In another letter, sent to Dayan,

with a copy to Seidel, Hershel Shanks, a Washington lawyer, editor of "The Biblical Archaeology Review," and a leading activist in the United Jewish Appeal, reports a drop in UJA donations over the issue. One donor had refused to give anything this year "because of the unsatisfactory reply he had got from Ambassador Dinitz," to whom he had written about the "widely publicized failure" of Israeli diplomats to pay parking tickets. The man wanted "something more than a statement that it was difficult for staff to find legal parking spaces near the embassy."

Someone at the embassy promised Shanks that he would arrange for such a letter to be sent to the man. However, "many months passed" without further word, and finally the person at the embassy told Shanks "that it was against embassy policy to respond to such pressure."

Shanks closes his letter by saying: "I wonder how much money has been lost (to Israel) in this way."

## Knesset discusses Israel's 'marginal' youth

**By MOSHE KOHN**  
**Post Knesset Reporter**

The Ministry of Education and Culture is working on plans to set up a computerized data bank with information on all children in the country between the ages of 11 and 18 who neither attend school nor are gainfully employed, Minister Zevulun Hammer told the Knesset yesterday.

He said that the Ministry was contemplating the drafting of legislation regarding local authorities, employers, and all others concerned, to maintain a register of children in this age group so that the central authorities will be able promptly to locate and deal with those neither studying nor working.

The Ministry also intends to establish a national council to deal with the problem of non-studying and non-working youth. It would

comprise representatives of the relevant ministries, manufacturers, youth movements, the Histadrut, the Israel Defence Forces, and other bodies involved, Hammer said.

He was replying to a three-hour debate that originated as a motion for the agenda by Mordechai Elgrabi (Democratic Movement for Change), and which the Knesset, in late July, agreed to discuss in the plenum.

The various future actions Hammer outlined, and the steps he reported as already being taken, were essentially those Elgrabi proposed when he opened the debate yesterday.

Elgrabi said there were about 15,000 such youngsters, representing a decrease of 1,000 a year since 1972, when the last survey was made. They were concentrated mainly in

the poor neighbourhoods of the big cities and in Lydda and Ramle — where one out of every two youngsters was in this category. Hammer noted that most of the youngsters involved were from families of North African and Asian origin.

Greater emphasis, Elgrabi said, should be put on preventive measures, taken when the prospective "marginal" youngsters were in first grade. He noted that a crucial part of the problem was the large number of children getting past first grade without knowing how to read.

In addition to dealing with the children themselves, Elgrabi concluded, the government should also take "practical and moral steps" to make teaching and all other occupations involving work with children more attractive to young persons.

## Social workers should guide rape victims through police, MKs told

**By ASHER WALFISH**  
**Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter**

Every police station should be assigned a social worker available on call in rape cases, representatives of the social workers organization proposed yesterday at the joint Knesset committee studying the problem of rape.

Under the proposal, the station sergeant would summon the social worker as soon as a rape complaint is received to assist the victim if she so desires at every stage of police handling of the case, as well as to escort the victim to hospital or home. The social worker would leave a phone number with the victim in case help or advice was needed subsequently.

Tat-Nitzav Raphael Ya'acobi,

head of the police investigations department, quoted statistics to show that most rape victims were between the ages 17 and 25, although a few were as young as 11 or as old as 71.

A large number of victims had been raped after hitchhiking rides, or being lured into deserted spots, he said. However, rapes were also reported in school yards and synagogues.

Very few rapists were of unsound mind, Ya'acobi said. The chairman of the committee, Shulamit Aloni (CRM), asked the police to provide the committee with a phone number with the victim in case help or advice was needed subsequently.

## Hamburg police scored for allowing neo-Nazi meeting

**By BRIAN ARTHUR**  
**Jerusalem Post Correspondent**

BONN. — Police in the city of Hamburg have come under criticism after a neo-Nazi organization met in the city last weekend, despite an official ban on the meeting.

The group, which calls itself the "Hamburg Citizens' Initiative," distributes anti-Semitic propaganda. Its leader, Michael Kuehnen, an ex-army lieutenant, was quoted in the press as saying: "No Jews were gassed under Hitler. We will pay 10,000 Deutschmarks to anyone offering proof of a single gassed Jew."

The gathering took place one day before Israel Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan began a four-day official visit to West Germany. Dayan arrived Sunday, and opened his tour by laying a wreath at the former Bergen-Belsen concentration camp

south of Hamburg. About 50,000 Jews and others died at the camp between 1941 and 1945.

At a dinner given in his honour by the Bonn government on Monday night, Dayan mentioned Israel's concern over recent anti-Semitic incidents in West Germany and the current wave of nostalgia here — expressed in books and films — for the Hitler era.

According to press reports of the Hamburg incident, Kuehnen and his head were turned away by police from a restaurant where they had originally planned to meet, but then proceeded to hold the meeting in another restaurant in the city.

Journalists followed the group without difficulty to the new meeting place, but the local police didn't. A Liberal city politician, Gerhard Weer, later charged security officials with being "blind in one eye."

## Doctors quit gov't medical appeal boards

**Jerusalem Post Reporter**

TEL AVIV. — From tomorrow, doctors will no longer sit on the medical appeal boards of the National Insurance Institute and the Ministries of Finance, Defence and Health. This results from the Israel Medical Association's demand that doctors receive more pay for participating

on these boards.

At present, the association said, doctors get IL237 for each session during which approximately three "cases" are reviewed. Income and other taxes, which total more than 70 per cent, reduces the "take-home" pay to an average of IL66, the association said.

## Praise in U.S. Congress for Begin-Sadat talks

**WASHINGTON (UPI).** — The House of Representatives yesterday passed a resolution praising the peace talks between President Anwar Sadat and Prime Minister Menachem Begin for their efforts to reach a Middle East peace agreement.

The resolution was introduced by House Democratic and Republican leaders Jim Wright and John Rhodes and co-sponsored by at least 50 other members. It was sent to the Senate for expected speedy agreement.

The measure states that it is the wish of Congress that the two leaders "be commended for the courageous steps they have taken to resolve the differences between their nations and to promote peace between Israel and her Arab neighbours through face to face negotiations."

## Hammer, Levin meet on teachers' wages

**Dr. Shalom Levin**, secretary of the Teachers' Union, said at a meeting yesterday with Education Minister Zevulun Hammer that most teachers today earn less than the national wage. He said that this justified immediate negotiations to improve their position.

The minister urged the teachers not to be the first to upset the overall wage structure, for by doing so they might undermine the government's New Economic Policy.

It was agreed that a ministry-union forum would be set up to discuss the question further.



Ruth Dayan (right) opens a tree-planting ceremony yesterday at Neve Shalom, an intercultural community opposite Latrun. About 60 high school students, Arabs and Jews, participated in the ceremony, which was followed by discussions to mark the 30th anniversary of the UN partition of Palestine. Ramallah journalist Raymondia Tawil (left) was scheduled to open the ceremony along with Dayan, but when she insisted on unfurling a PLO flag, she was prevented. (Eliahu Harati)

## Cairo talks on substance

(Continued from page one)

point — and more especially from the standpoint of the Begin government, with its particular sensibility over the West Bank — this outcome would be convenient indeed, especially since Israel would scarcely be accused of having deliberately schemed to achieve this end.

Premier Begin held lengthy consultations yesterday with his chief negotiator, Dr. Eliahu Ben-Elissar, and also with Defence Minister Ezer Weizman. There will be more talks tonight when Foreign Minister Dayan returns from his official visit to Germany, and a special Cabinet meeting is thought likely for tomorrow.

Strangely — for an event of such momentous import — the prior consultations will have to be kept relatively brief, because Premier Begin leaves for London on Friday morning for an official visit to Britain. With Dayan returning only this evening, this effectively leaves only tomorrow evening for consultations, and if there is a Cabinet meeting that is likely to take up several hours. However, it may still be that Begin will return from London before the

delegation to Cairo sets off. Last night officials here still had not heard from Egypt a definite date.

The technical and logistical preparations, which also began yesterday under Ben-Elissar's direction, were therefore somewhat tentative. Ben-Elissar chaired an inter-departmental meeting involving communications, security and transport personnel, and in the Foreign Ministry the assistant director-general for administration, Yisrael Gur-Arye, began working on arrangements for technical and secretarial back-up staff.

There was still no word last night from Egypt on the scale of Israeli press coverage that is to be permitted. Israeli media are hoping for the same facilities — direct telephone, telex and electronic transmission — that were made available to the Egyptian press corps which accompanied Sadat to Jerusalem.

President Sadat's office, meanwhile, has requested through the U.S. embassy here, two additional sets of *The Jerusalem Post*, covering the period of his stay here.

## SADAT PICKS GHORBAL

(Continued from page one)

were seized distributing leaflets hostile to Sadat outside the Cairo office of the PLO, the sources added. They declined to disclose where the 25 were deported to, but they noted, without elaborating, that deportees were allowed to go to destinations of their choice "so long as this is feasible."

In Tripoli, the official Libyan news agency said yesterday that a summit meeting of Arab opponents of Sadat's peace initiative would be held there on Thursday, as scheduled.

Some doubt about whether the conference would take place had arisen following the news on Monday that Iraq was inviting the same parties to a summit on the same subject in Baghdad next week.

Invited to both meetings, it is thought, are Syria, South Yemen, Algeria, Libya, Iraq, and the PLO.

UPI reports from New York that UN Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim proposed an expanded meeting be held at the UN following the forthcoming Cairo talks, to help pave the way for reconvening a full-fledged Middle East peace conference in Geneva.

Waldheim floated what he conceded was his "trial balloon" at a UN news briefing.

## MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS

Tomorrow, Thursday, December 1, 1977, a new tariff goes into effect:

The main items in the new tariff are given below:

### Postal Services

#### Domestic Postal Services

"Standard" letter and letter-sheet	11
"Non-standard" letter	10
Post card	8
Registration fee	3
Express fee	10
Parcel up to 2 kg.	10
Parcel sent to I.D.F. soldier, up to 3 kg.	8
Domestic Telegrams	13
up to 10 words	13
each additional word	1
Greeting telegram, standard wording	10
Letter Telegram (L.T.)	13
Up to 20 words	13
each additional 10 words or part thereof	2
Overseas Postal Services	21
Surface Mail	21
Letter up to 20 g.	21
Post card	21
Airmail	31
Letter up to 10 g.	31
air letter (aerogram)	31
post card	31
To North and Central America:	6
letter up to 10 g.	6
air letter (aerogram)	6
post card	6
To South America:	6
letter up to 10 g.	6
air letter (aerogram)	6
post card	6
Overseas Telegrams	31
To Europe (excluding Cyprus):	31
first 7 words or part thereof	31
each additional word	5
To U.S.A. and Canada:	45
first 7 words or part thereof	45
each additional word	6

Prices include VAT.

Increases have also been made in the charges for other postal services. Full details are available at all post offices.

## Tei Aviv Museum In cooperation with the British Council

### Commemoration Evening

Benjamin Britten  
Mira Zakai — contralto  
Sara Foxon-Helm — piano  
Michael Haran — cello  
Paul Scheemann — oboe  
Sonata for Cello and Piano Op. 85  
"Six Metamorphoses" for oboe, Op. 49  
"A Charming of Lullabies," Op. 41 (song cycle)  
"Holiday Diary" — suite for piano, Op. 5  
Folk songs (Irish, Scottish and English times)  
On Saturday, December 3, at 8.30 p.m.  
at the Museum Tel Aviv  
Tickets at the Museum and Tel Aviv, 118 Rehov Dizengoff.  
Tel Aviv.

## Israeli seamen repel Lagos pirates

**By YA'ACOV FRIEDLER**  
**Jerusalem Post Reporter**

HAIFA. — An Israeli ship at anchor in Lagos harbour last month was attacked by Nigerian pirates, according to the first officer of another Israeli ship which docked in Haifa yesterday.

The pirates, who have recently attacked a number of ships in the Lagos area, managed to board the vessel from the stern. However, they were spotted by the watch, who opened fire and drove them off.

The incident was related to *The Jerusalem Post* by Denis Jordan,

first officer of a log carrier just arrived from Lagos. Jordan said that following reports from the offices of Israeli ships and news agencies on crews killed and maimed in Lagos, the Marins Officers' Union has decided to take "urgent action" to protect the lives of Israeli seamen. He did not specify what the action would be.

Union Secretary Captain Yeshayahu Groman told *The Post* they expected the shipping companies to coordinate precautionary measures with the union. Otherwise "we shall order our members to act alone if necessary," he said.

Jordan said that when his ship arrived at Lagos last month, two other Israeli ships were lying at anchor, waiting their turn in the congested port. The crews heard reports that pirates had recently decapitated five Dutch seamen who tried to go ashore to see a doctor. Following the murder, the Lagos authorities forbade any traffic on the water after nightfall. However, the "official" guards were armed only with bows and arrows.

A Danish ship had also been attacked by the pirates, who axed the captain and several crewmen and raped a stewardess, Jordan added. He said the pirates used canoes and board ships by the old method — throwing grappling irons with strong ropes attached over the ship's side, and then scrambling up the ropes. While his ship was there, they had

boarded one of the other Israeli vessels in this manner, but were driven off by the guard, who opened fire.

Subsequently the three Israeli crews held "a council of war" and decided to anchor next to each other, for greater protection. "We Israelis are more alert to security, and I think therefore better able to look after ourselves," Jordan noted.

They kept bright lights on and mounted watches all through the night, with "at least half the crew talking part, although we all had to work as usual during the day, and the guard duties imposed an extra burden on us."

The officers made frequent rounds to make sure that the guard was alert and effective, he noted. They also pressed the African log handlers into service, arming them with pick handles and posting them all over the ship throughout the night. He said: "Their precautions proved effective" and "we were not molested again throughout our stay."

Aside from cleaning out ships, Jordan said, the pirates frequently rob the stores in port. His ship had brought a large quantity of humus and tefina in plastic containers. The goods were unloaded, but the warehouse was promptly broken into by the pirates. "They tried the products, apparently found them not to their taste, and proceeded to empty out dozens of containers, which they then stole."

In deep sorrow, we announce the death of our most beloved devoted and noble wife, mother and grandmother

## IRMGARD WOLLNERMANN

née Hammerschlag, of Göttingen

The funeral will leave today, Wednesday, November 30, 1977, at 1.45 p.m. from Rambam Hospital for the Old Cemetery, Hof Hacarmel, Haifa.

Husband: Haim Wollnermann  
Daughter, Son-in-Law, Grandson,  
Irith, Eytan, Alon Hamburger  
The Family in Israel and Abroad

In deep sorrow, we announce the death of my beloved wife, our mother

## SARAH POSNER

The family is sitting *shivva* at the Central Hotel, Jerusalem.

Rev. Yitzhak Posner  
Mr. Abe Posner  
Mrs. Faye Posner  
Mrs. Zalman Segal

Once in a great while, an exceptional nightspot is born. At the Dan Tel-Aviv.

By every definition, exceptional. The soothing songs of Juanita Smith, the sounds of her great piano. The smoothest Irish Coffee this side of the Emerald Isle. Tasty dips, served free of charge: enjoy them to your heart's content. And unwind. The Carmel Bar at The Dan Tel-Aviv. A place to go, any evening. To smooth off the rough edges of your day.

THE DAN HOTELS, HOSPITALITY PLUS.

כלא מן האש



## acobi sees budget icit of IL13-15b.

**Jerusalem Post Reporter**  
V. — The chairman of the Finance Committee, Gad (Alignment), expects a deficit of IL13-15b. in the next fiscal year of IL15b. deficit on which a draft budget is based. Treasury's revised draft as approved on Sunday by the cabinet will be tabled in the second week of

former transport minister, expects the government to add an additional budget during the year, told a press conference yesterday that inflation will be higher than the 30 to 34 per cent provided for in the plan. This will mean that the government will have to spend IL100m. more than estimated in the 1978 budget. In addition to the forecast, he was surprised that the budget of the Prime Minister's Office is to be IL100m. in the current year. This increase, he said, is the additional budget to provide the same services at the same prices. However, he

added, the increased budget may include the cost of celebrating Israel's 30th anniversary. Ya'acobi said that the Alignment Knesset faction had authorized him to propose a new electoral reform. The draft bill, which is to be presented shortly, is identical to the one agreed with the Likud shortly before the May 17 elections. The Democratic Movement for Change also favours a similar reform, he said.

According to the proposal, Israel will be divided into 14 regions with each region electing five delegates in proportion to the votes received within the region, for a total of 70 of the 120 Knesset members. All the votes will be recounted to select another 40 seats on a nationwide proportional system. The Supreme Court judges will select three of their members to divide the country into regions which must have territorial continuity and must each include about the same number of voters. Ya'acobi was cool to proposals that the Alignment join the Cabinet to form a national unity government. At the moment the issue is "hypothetical," he said. The prime minister should renew his invitation to the Alignment, agree to significant changes in the Cabinet guidelines, and offer Cabinet portfolios for Labour to consider, he said.

## ers Welfare Tel Aviv chief held spicion of financial misconduct

**V (Jm).** — The director of the Tel Aviv branch of the Soldiers' Association was remanded for seven days yesterday by a magistrate here on suspicion of financial misconduct in connection with the branch's activities. The branch had claimed that the branch had received IL200,000 in the current year. The branch had also claimed that the branch had received IL200,000 in the current year. The branch had also claimed that the branch had received IL200,000 in the current year.

said they had evidence of financial mismanagement which the Comptroller's officials did not discover. Reioh, police claimed, is also suspected of being fraudulent in connection with the branch's activities. He is not cooperating with the police. The branch was reluctant to reveal details of the suspected offences to investigators, and Reioh had already tried to influence witnesses, the police representative said.

## de prompts closer look at TV

**Jerusalem Post Reporter**  
The decision to approve the film "The Death of Zehava" for television has prompted a closer look at the TV House and its companies which state explicitly that any opposition to the film by persons appearing in the programmes must be reported to the authorities.

According to Tenser's suicide note, she had complained about the film to the producers, but the firm had not relayed the message to the authorities. In addition, continuous contact between the person portrayed on film and the producer must be maintained. Senior authority officials will retain the prerogative of whether to give a private showing of the film to the person involved.

## bat telephone' invented in alem for use in emergencies

**Jerusalem Post Reporter**  
A telephone, designed for Sabbath use by doctors, patients, and personnel, has been invented at the Scientific and Technical Institute on Hachalutz in Jerusalem. Levi Yitzhak Halperin, of the institute's halachic department, and one of the members of the new telephone's design team, said that it was approved by some of the leading rabbis. It is meant for emergencies, but where life and death are not involved. (Where they are, the rule is that the duty of saving overrides the Sabbath laws.)

The telephone employs a circuit breaker that delays the impulse. The circuit in the phone is closed only five seconds after the receiver is lifted, and only then is the dial tone heard. And after the completion of dialling there is a delay of about 10 seconds before the dial spring is released and returns to its place. Halachically, these operations are deemed to have been completed "by themselves." The Ministry of Communications has already granted the "Sabbath telephone" recognition as a "standard instrument" of the post office. Ministry engineers, together with representatives of Telrad, the electronics firm, will examine the new instrument, and production is due to begin after they give their approval. The institute's experts expect a large demand for the instrument which will be 30 per cent more expensive than an ordinary telephone.

## mill to eliminate stench from Dan dump

**ETHAN KREMERMAN**  
**Jerusalem Post Reporter**  
V. — The stench emanating from the Dan dump will be eliminated after a new garbage mill is built at the site. The mill will be built on a plot of land acquired from the Jewish National Fund — adjacent to the Dan dump. The stream of complaints about the stench from the Dan dump has been almost completely eliminated since the garbage was covered, Kremerman said. Announcing his determination to keep the dump in operation for another eight to 10 years, Kremerman said that the new shredding and compressing mill, which will take 12 months to build after construction begins in January, will eliminate any lingering odour. The large flocks of birds which came to feed at the Dan dump are another hazard created by the concentration of all the Dan region's garbage at a single site. The massive flocks are a

danger to aircraft taking off and landing at the nearby Ben Gurion airport. Once the garbage is shredded, compressed and covered with earth, Kremerman claimed, the birds would disappear. The city's association is still waiting for JNF approval to acquire an additional 41 dunams of land near the Dan dump, which the existing 15 dunams, would serve as a reservoir of earth to cover up garbage. Since the dump was opened in 1962, it has been surrounded by 30-metre-high hills of earth-covered garbage. The hills are no longer the eyesore they once were, Kremerman said, adding that after the rains began, they would be covered with greenery. Asked what would happen to the dump once it is packed full with garbage, Kremerman said it would be returned to the JNF which would turn it into a park.



A series of stepped tree stumps is one of the easier obstacle courses in Ontario Place, the JNF's new family outdoor recreation centre opened in the capital yesterday.

## Family recreation centre opens in Jerusalem Forest

**By AARON STEINER**  
**Jerusalem Post Reporter**  
One of the capital's most complete family outdoor recreation sites was dedicated yesterday by the Jewish National Fund in the Jerusalem Forest. It includes all-wood equipment for children, and a "physical fitness" challenge for adults. Access to the site, named Ontario Place, is by the road branching off Sderot Herzl into the Yafe Not quarter. The entrance to the site is approximately 150 metres from the approach road to the Jerusalem Forest youth centre. There is no charge for admission. Funded by a \$250,000 gift from the JNF's unit in Ontario, Canada, the new site is the ninth JNF facility developed as an outdoor recreation centre for adults and children. Ten more are on the drawing boards. Unlike the 100 JNF campsites,

these 10 are — or will be — located just outside large urban areas. Besides a picnic area complete with tables, cooking stoves, rest-rooms, and water taps, separate sports and play areas are provided for children and adults. Swings, slides, seesaws and tree houses and other equipment are available for the younger set. All are made of smooth hand-carved, knotty pine or redwood. On a hill overlooking Ein Karim and Beit Zayit there is an adults' section which includes 20 pieces of exercising and muscle-building equipment laid out on what the JNF signs call "ma'asli hakoshar" — a physical fitness route along which the visitor encounters challenges to his physical strength which become progressively more difficult. These include chin-up bars, horizontal ladders, sit-up bars, weightlifting systems and other equipment. JNF chairman Moshe Rivlin told The Jerusalem Post that integrated recreation centres such as Ontario Place "open the forests to the public." In Ein Karim, along the Wadi Ara road, such a centre serves as an important social meeting point for Jews and Arabs, he said.

## 2 rabies cases in Yizre'el area

**AFULA (Jm).** — About 40 persons in Afula and Tel Adashim who have had contact with strange dogs and other animals have been inoculated, after two cases of rabies were discovered in the area. A third person has been quarantined for observation. Several animals in the two localities have also been found to have rabies. The Health Ministry has issued an appeal to residents of the Yizre'el area to avoid touching strange cats and dogs, and to be inoculated immediately if they have had such contact. The local veterinary service has begun to remove stray animals from the streets. Residents who notice stray animals are asked to inform the authorities, who will also give advice to persons who have had contact with suspect animals. The Afula health office is at 11 Sderot Arlosoroff, telephone 085-82014; the Afula veterinary services can be reached at 085-94940.

**Held in car arson**  
**TEL AVIV (Jm).** — Moshe Kadosh, a Batika Quarter man who allegedly over-insured his car and then hired arsonists to burn it, was yesterday ordered held for 10 days by the Magistrates Court here. Police said the arrest was part of an investigation they are conducting into an alleged arson-for-hire ring operating in the quarter. Kadosh denied the accusation.

## butz hoopsters gain upset victory

**STEVE KAPLAN**  
**Jerusalem Post Reporter**  
A surprise win for the Tel Aviv team in the National League's first division one major upset and a few wins as the teams began the playoffs at the end of the season. The surprise was Gvat Yagur fairly easy home 90-75 victory over the previously undefeated Haifa team. The game was a close contest, with Haifa leading 30-28 at the end of the first half. But Yagur managed to stay in the game, but in the second half they had a general breakdown. Ramat Gan's Uri Ben Afi led the way with 18 points. Winless Haifa Maccabi came close to a win at home against Afula Hapoel falling 85-90. With three

minutes remaining, the score was tied at 75. But Afula scored two key baskets to put the game out of Haifa's reach. Ariel Porat was top scorer for the winners, with 24 points. Haifa Maccabi, with their sixth straight loss, appear headed for relegation to the second division.

**Standings**

Tel Aviv Maccabi	8-0	12
Haifa Hapoel	5-1	11
Gvat/Yagur Hapoel	4-2	10
Tel Aviv Hapoel	4-1	9
Ramat Gan Hapoel	4-1	9
South Tel Aviv Maccabi	3-3	9
Afula Hapoel	3-3	9
Ramat Gan Maccabi	2-4	8
Givat Brenner/Na'an Hapoel	2-4	8
Tel Aviv Betar	1-5	7
Tel Aviv Elitzur	1-5	7
Haifa Maccabi	0-6	6

## My son the doctor? — not any more

**Jerusalem Post Staff**  
"My son the doctor" is not the fondest epithet on the lips of Israeli mothers. "My son the biologist" is more like it, according to research on the prestige of 220 professions in Israel recently carried out by Dr. Vered Kraus of the Hebrew University's Department of Sociology. The research, described in today's edition of the university bi-weekly, found that the favoured professions are those which require the most formal education. Education seems to be four times as important as earning power in rating professions. But earning power is the second most important consideration.

Heading the list of what Israeli would like to be when they grow up are: biologist, dentist, attorney, judge, mayor, physician, historian, hospital director, Knesset member and physician, in descending order of prestige. They all scored 77.53 or higher on a scale of 1 to 100. Down at the other end are: petrol station attendant (5.85), pump operator, fisherman, cowman, porter, housekeeper, stonemason, road paver, shoeshiner and kerosene distributor, in descending order. Among the other scores: Colonel (aluf-mishne) in the permanent army — 90.32, rabbi — 84.60, writer — 82.57, journalist — 82.22, civilian

pilot — 75.31, translator — 75.30, kindergarten teacher — 54.74, policeman — 52.54, hairdresser — 17.61, grocery owner — 15.87, plumber — 10.79, butcher — 8.90. The article does not describe the size or characteristics of the population sample studied in Israel. But it does report that comparable research in the U.S. and in developing countries show similar scales of prestige attributed to professions. However, studies in the U.S. show that earning power is about equal to formal education as a factor in determining prestige there. Sociologists rank 92.60 on the scale.

## Kitan stays shut after hearing postponed

**Jerusalem Post Staff**  
**BEERSHEBA.** — The District Labour Court hearing yesterday postponed until Friday its hearings on a request by employees of the Kitan Dimona textile plant for an interim injunction ordering the plant to reopen.

The workers claim that the closing last Friday of the plant, which employs 1,500 persons, was illegal. They also demand that Kitan take back workers it fired last week. Judge Yosef Rabi ordered the delay after the two sides failed to come to an agreement in his chambers; he rejected a manage-

ment demand to have the employees' request turned down on the spot. The lockdown came after the plant's workers had themselves closed the gates to protest the planned dismissal of 50 of their number. The Histadrut trade union department yesterday expressed its concern over what it called the fact that workers were fired from Kitan Dimona without due consideration for seniority and for workers with special social problems. Uriel Abrahamowicz, head of the department, said he is particularly worried over recent statements by the economic ministers in favour of firing less efficient workers.

## 'Seditious singer' acquitted for lack of evidence

**HAIFA (Jm).** — A man charged with singing seditious songs at a wedding in Majd al-Kurum last August was cleared by a District Court judge here on Monday for lack of evidence. A number of witnesses were declared hostile. Abdullah Rashad Mana, 27, was charged with singing songs which included such sentences as "The Palestinians will come and slaughter all the Jews." Mana denied that his songs were intended to incite Arabs against Jews. He said he had sung "The Land Speaks Arabic," a well-known song containing no incitement to rebellion. Judge Malchiel Slutski said there was no dispute over the fact that he had sung the song, and said its words were designed to increase contention between Arabs and Jews in Israel. However, the judge said, only one of the witnesses to the singing testified in court, and he changed his version of events twice. The others refused to testify and were declared hostile.

## Tombstones smashed on Mount of Olives

For the second time in two weeks, tombstones in the Jewish cemetery on the Mount of Olives have been desecrated. It was learned Monday, the stones — in the Tur section, near the Panorama Hotel — had been removed and then deliberately smashed. Cemeteries Council head Amram Haroush told police in Jerusalem. In the previous incident, two weeks ago, four tombstones were smashed. The number destroyed this time was not given. (Jm)

## ELRON ELECTRONIC INDUSTRIES LTD.

P.O. BOX 5390, HAIFA, ISRAEL

## Notice with Respect to the Issuing of a Prospectus

IN ACCORDANCE WITH Section 23 of the Securities Law, 1968, notices is hereby given of the issuing of a prospectus by the Company with respect to

the issue of 2,499,180 registered ordinary shares of a nominal value of IL2 each and 1,174,800 option notes 1981 (series A) of a nominal value of IL5 each. The shares and option notes are being offered as follows:

**OFFER TO THE PUBLIC OF** 1,000,000 registered ordinary shares of a nominal value of IL2 each, together with 500,000 option notes 1981 (series A) of a nominal value of IL5 each. The shares and the option notes are being offered to the public in units, each being comprised of five registered ordinary shares of a nominal value of IL2 each, together with one option note of a nominal value of IL5 (hereinafter "a unit for the public").

**THE UNITS FOR THE PUBLIC ARE BEING OFFERED BY TENDER** FOR A MINIMUM PRICE OF IL40 per unit. The minimal price is comprised of a nominal value of IL35 per 5 registered ordinary shares of a nominal value of IL2 (800%) and in addition thereto IL5 per one option note.

**OFFER TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY** 1,349,180 registered shares of a nominal value of IL2 each, together with 674,590 option notes 1981 (series A) of a nominal value of IL5 each. The shares and the option notes are being offered in units, each one being comprised of two registered ordinary shares of a nominal value of IL2 each, together with one option note of a nominal value of IL5 (hereinafter "a rights unit"). The rights units are being offered to the shareholders of the Company holding registered ordinary shares of a nominal value of IL2 and to the shareholders of the Company holding registered ordinary shares of a nominal value of IL2 at the ratio of one unit per every IL4 in nominal value of shares of any kind held by them today.

**THE PRICE OF A RIGHTS UNIT IS IL5.55** (The price is comprised of IL30 per 2 registered ordinary shares of a nominal value of IL2 (800%) and in addition thereto IL5 per option note).

**OFFER TO THE EMPLOYEES OF** 150,000 registered ordinary shares of a nominal value of IL2 each, together with 300,000 option notes 1981 (series A) of a nominal value of IL5 each. The shares and option notes are being offered to the employees of Elron Electronic Industries Ltd., Elbit Computers Ltd., Elscint Ltd., and Scientific Data Systems Israel Ltd. In units which are each comprised of one share of a nominal value of IL2 and two option notes of a nominal value of IL5 each (hereinafter "employee unit").

November 30, 1977.

This notice does not constitute an invitation to the public to purchase the afore-mentioned securities.

## BUY AN APARTMENT WITH FANTASTIC TERMS

In **Nahariya** (Ein Sara)  
Spacious cottages in the enchanting suburb of villas

In **Kiryat Bialik** (Sabina)  
1 and 2 room apartments and shops suitable for professionals

Mortgage up to IL100,000 and a similar mortgage for buyer of your flat.

"Rassco" Haifa — 1 Rahov Herzl, Tel. 04-686161  
"Diroz Am," Kiryat Mokedin — 2 Sderot Hashochim, Tel. 04-710191

RASSCO

YOU CAN RELY ON RASSCO

## RASSCO IN FIRST PLACE



## To South America via Frankfurt

4 x weekly to Rio de Janeiro.  
3 x weekly to Buenos Aires.  
2 x weekly to Sao Paulo.  
1 x weekly to Asuncion, Montevideo  
and Santiago de Chile.

Lufthansa



## Viet refugees hijack boat to Australia

SYDNEY, Australia (AP). — Waving anti-Communist posters and banners, 181 Vietnamese refugees were escorted by Australian patrol craft into the northern port city of Darwin yesterday aboard a small freighter hijacked near Ho Chi Minh City, formerly Saigon.

Local dockworkers, upset at the influx of Vietnamese refugees, immediately walked off the job. They described the arrivals as "pirates, brothel-keepers and drug runners."

In the first official confirmation that the "Song Be 12" had been hijacked, Deputy Prime Minister Doug Anthony told reporters in Darwin that three Vietnamese soldiers were being held guard by refugees aboard the freighter. He said they had been held since the refugees took control of the freighter 10 weeks ago.

"It's my understanding that the three soldiers want to return to Vietnam," the deputy prime minister said. "Of course, they will be allowed to do so." Any others aboard the vessel may return if they wish, he said, and the others would be allowed entry into Australia.

In Canberra, it was announced that Australia will not indiscriminately "make examples" of boat refugees from Vietnam by turning some of them back. Foreign Af-

fairs Minister Andrew Peacock and Immigration Minister Michael MacKellar said. "The government is giving urgent consideration to surveillance requirements needed to prevent unauthorized entry and to maintain quarantine standards."

Of the 181 Vietnamese on board 24 were crew, including the three soldiers, immigration officials said. The 157 others included 70 women and several children.

The "Song Be 12" refugees are the largest single group to arrive in Australia since the end of the Vietnam war, and the ninth in the past week. Some 742 refugees have come here by boat since 1975.

Earlier news reports from Southeast Asia said the ocean-going refrigerated vessel, recently refurbished at a cost of more than \$201,000 was hijacked by its former owner and several accomplices as it left Ho Chi Minh City on November 7. The boat later picked up other refugee families along the Saigon River and off the coast of Malaysia, these reports said.

Indonesian authorities refused to allow the freighter to berth in the East Java town of Surabaya but provided the refugees with food and water for their journey to Darwin. Informal sources reported from Jakarta.

## Spain cancels 65,000 gun permits in war on violence

MADRID (UPI). — As part of its efforts to fight political violence and crime, the government yesterday introduced stiff gun controls, cancelling all but 5,200 of the more than 70,000 existing permits to own firearms.

A royal decree on fire-arms sales and permits was published in the official bulletin only three days after Basque guerrillas assassinated a provincial police commander in Pamplona in the latest act of political violence.

Spain has also experienced a growing crime wave, with almost daily holdups of banks and offices.

The new controls were also seen as an attempt to disarm the members of such semi-clandestine right-wing vigilante groups as the "Guarda Franco." Under the late General Franco, these groups were issued with permits and guns.

Of the more than 70,000 existing permits, an estimated 60,000 are held by assorted functionaries and members of official and semi-official organizations. Of the remaining licences, 15,407 were issued to members of rifle and gun clubs, about 5,200 to private persons and 70 to diplomats.

The decree said that only the 5,200 licences held by private persons will remain valid. All other licences have been cancelled effective January 1. Holders, however, can apply for new

permits.

The decree said that all guns owned without a licence or for which no new licence will be requested have to be handed over to police by January 1. Police will send these guns to army depots for safekeeping.

The decree also said gun shops will be closed if their owners do not comply with ordinances obliging them to remove the firing mechanism of all guns which they display in their shops. It said the removed parts and all ammunition must be kept in safes.

### Indian time capsule

NEW DELHI (UPI). — Workers on Monday began digging up a time capsule that was to have been unearthed in the year 2973. The excavation was ordered by the government that ousted Indira Gandhi in the elections last March.

Mrs. Gandhi presided over the burial of the capsule on Indian independence day in 1975. It was to have been unearthed after a thousand years.

The contents of the 10,000 word history of India that was placed in the capsule were kept secret, but some historians charged from the start that the record glorified Jawaharlal Nehru, independent India's first prime minister and Mrs. Gandhi's father, at the expense of other leaders.

## South African elections today

## Huge win seen for Vorster

JOHANNESBURG (Reuters). — Prime Minister John Vorster will win solid backing for his tough policy on black discontent when white South Africa votes in general elections today, opinion polls predicted yesterday.

At a time of unprecedented internal and external pressure on the Republic, the polls indicated a landslide victory for his National Party.

Its majority of 69 in the 165-place House of Assembly could well be enlarged by between 10 and 17 seats.

Vorster, 62, has campaigned on a platform calling for the defiance of "foreign interference" and tough measures to quell unrest among the Republic's 15 million blacks, who outnumber whites by four to one.

If anything, said observers, hostile world opinion and the recent embargo on arms for South Africa have helped drum up white support for the National Party, in power since 1948.

With the ruling party's return for another five years assured, today's ballot is being called "an election to choose an opposition."

Interest centres on what kind of an opposition will emerge, following the break-up last June of the old United Party. Drawing support from English-speakers

among the 4.2 million white South Africans, it won more than 80 per cent of the total vote in the last elections in 1974. When it collapsed, due to internal squabbles, 10 of its legislators joined the Liberal Progressive Federal Party (LPPF), which believes it will win enough votes today to become the new official opposition.

Vying with the LPPF for the former United Party vote are the more right-wing South African Party and the United Party's successor, the National Republic Party. The latter, with 23 seats, was the biggest opposition group in the outgoing Assembly.

A vote for the LPPF, Vorster told his final campaign rally, would be a vote for black majority rule. Vorster, heading to begin his fourth term as premier, ended his campaign in drum-beating style, saying amid cheers: "We don't need arms from anybody to fight anything that comes out of Africa..."

"The arms which we needed were to fight Communist Russia... They (the West) deprived us of them. Let the world know tonight and for all time that small as we are and situated as we are, we will fight to the end with what we have got."

Nevertheless, Vorster said, he would continue his "search for peace."

## Carpets burned in Iran synagogue

TEHERAN (Reuters). — The official Iranian newspaper "Rastakhiz" said yesterday that unidentified persons had burnt carpets in a synagogue at Isfahan and that others had smashed several windows in Shiraz last week.

The paper reported that the assailants last Wednesday poured petrol on the carpets before igniting them in Isfahan, which is 425 kms. south of Teheran, but gave no other details.

Further south in Shiraz a group of about 20 people went on a window-smashing rampage following a mosque service on Thursday at which a preacher criticised what he called the lack of free speech in Iran, "Rastakhiz" said.

It reported no arrests after the incidents in Isfahan and Shiraz, which coincided with dissident political activity in Teheran.

Minister of Finance and Economic Affairs Houshang Ansari was quoted by the paper as saying that force would be met by force in dealing with those who shunned dialogue and tried to impose their views on others.

## Egypt holds up foreign papers since Sadat trip

CAIRO (Reuters). — All foreign newspapers and magazines officially distributed in Egypt have been held up since November 20, when President Anwar Sadat went to Jerusalem, official distributors said yesterday.

A spokesman for the semi-official Cairo daily "al-Ahram," which distributes all foreign publications in Egypt, declined to give any reason.

The move puzzled observers here, considering that President Sadat's visit to Israel had been widely reported in the local press along with the negative Arab reaction to his visit.

## Mistress has wife's rights to home, U.K. court rules

LONDON (AP). — A mistress has the legal right to have her violent lover thrown out of his home, even if he owns it, a special five-judge appeal court ruled on Monday.

In what may be a landmark case for Britain, the court in a 3-2 decision overturned a lower court ruling and allowed 21-year-old Jennifer Davis to return to a government-owned flat she shared with Nehemiah Johnson, 42. Johnson was ordered to move out.

"Social justice requires that social rights take precedence over property rights," said Master of the Rolls Lord Denning, who added that even if the man owns the house, protection of the woman — married or not — comes first.

However, the judges unanimously allowed Johnson to appeal the case to the highest court in Britain, the House of Lords.

The ruling breathes new life into the Domestic Violence and Matrimonial Proceedings Act which came into force last summer, and which women's groups claim is not being administered as intended by Parliament.

"The act clearly gave unmarried people living together as husband and wife the same protection as married couples," said Sir George Baker, president of the High Court family division and one of the three judges who supported the ruling.

Two earlier appeal courts' decisions ruled that under the act a man could not be thrown out of his home if he had any property rights in it.

But Lord Denning said that in order for the act to have any effect at all the court must be allowed to override the man's property rights — and exclude him from the house.

Miss Davis charged that she had been subjected to "horrible violence" at the hand of Johnson. She said she had been beaten frequently and that her life had been threatened by him.

Monday's decision restores an order by a county court judge who had excluded Johnson from the flat in Hackney, East London. A later court of appeal ruling allowed him back into the flat.

"I'm delighted with the decision and plan to be back in the flat this week," said Miss Davis, who is now living with her 24-year-old daughter in a home for battered wives.

people living together as husband and wife the same protection as married couples," said Sir George Baker, president of the High Court family division and one of the three judges who supported the ruling.

Two earlier appeal courts' decisions ruled that under the act a man could not be thrown out of his home if he had any property rights in it.

But Lord Denning said that in order for the act to have any effect at all the court must be allowed to override the man's property rights — and exclude him from the house.

Miss Davis charged that she had been subjected to "horrible violence" at the hand of Johnson. She said she had been beaten frequently and that her life had been threatened by him.

Monday's decision restores an order by a county court judge who had excluded Johnson from the flat in Hackney, East London. A later court of appeal ruling allowed him back into the flat.

"I'm delighted with the decision and plan to be back in the flat this week," said Miss Davis, who is now living with her 24-year-old daughter in a home for battered wives.

Monday's decision restores an order by a county court judge who had excluded Johnson from the flat in Hackney, East London. A later court of appeal ruling allowed him back into the flat.

"I'm delighted with the decision and plan to be back in the flat this week," said Miss Davis, who is now living with her 24-year-old daughter in a home for battered wives.

Monday's decision restores an order by a county court judge who had excluded Johnson from the flat in Hackney, East London. A later court of appeal ruling allowed him back into the flat.

"I'm delighted with the decision and plan to be back in the flat this week," said Miss Davis, who is now living with her 24-year-old daughter in a home for battered wives.

Monday's decision restores an order by a county court judge who had excluded Johnson from the flat in Hackney, East London. A later court of appeal ruling allowed him back into the flat.

"I'm delighted with the decision and plan to be back in the flat this week," said Miss Davis, who is now living with her 24-year-old daughter in a home for battered wives.

Monday's decision restores an order by a county court judge who had excluded Johnson from the flat in Hackney, East London. A later court of appeal ruling allowed him back into the flat.

## Japan to cut trade surplus to help world commerce

TOKYO. — A plan to cut Japan's enormous trade surplus in response to urgent demands from its trading partners will be published by next Tuesday, Prime Minister Takeo Fukuda promised yesterday.

"It is Japan's responsibility as a member of the international society to work out measures to reduce Japan's huge trade surplus," Fukuda told a news conference.

In a separate news conference, Toshio Komoto, new Minister of International Trade and Industry, outlined his plans to expand public investment and foreign aid.

The effects will be felt by the summer of 1978 "at the latest," said Komoto, a member of the new cabinet Fukuda named on Monday to cope with economic problems at home and trade problems abroad.

Komoto stressed expansion of imports rather than reduction of exports to cut the trade surplus, but added, "fast expansion is very difficult because of Japan's trade structure."

Japan's decision is in line with interests of representatives of trading nations responsible for four-fifths of world exports assembled in Geneva, amid fears of an open trade war prompted by protectionist trends.

The 38 member states' General Agreement on Trade (GATT) will discuss limiting trade in free trade during two-day annual meeting.

They meet after a clear from GATT director-general Long earlier this month the national trade is poised at a point where the world can into protectionism to defend domestic industries.

The result would severely national economies, cut in living standards and rip a whole structure of international relations, Long cautioned. (Reuters)

## Airlines meet to avert fare war

HOLLYWOOD, Florida (Reuters). — Representatives of major European and U.S. airlines were scheduled to meet here yesterday to open talks aimed at averting an all-out price war on transatlantic routes.

Meeting under the auspices of the International Air Transport Association (IATA), the airlines are seeking to agree on a new set of fares for next summer's tourist season.

The airlines' agreement on fares broke down last summer with the introduction of Laker Airways' cheap "Skytrain" service and the subsequent decision of Italy's Alitalia airline unilaterally to reduce all its fares.

A number of airlines have introduced their own out-price schemes in an effort to compete with the Skytrain, which charges \$197

from London to New York for the return.

IATA sources said the pessimistic that the current would produce a new fare war. "Given the present disarray, it seems unlikely meeting could resolve problems," they said.

The two American carriers across the Atlantic, Pan Am and World Airways (TWA), say not oppose lower fares. Co to maintaining a schedule flights, the airlines want to fl seats by cutting prices.

Unless the current IATA can reach some agreement, sources predict that touring a trip across the Atlantic summer could get some of bargains of the decade.

## UN gets down to flying saucers

UNITED NATIONS (AP). — Amid diplomatically suppressed snickers and yawns, the UN on Monday for the first time formally took up the question of unidentified flying objects (UFO).

"The world is looking on," declared Sir Eric M. Gairy, prime minister of the tiny Caribbean island-nation of Grenada and prime mover behind a campaign to get the UN to study UFO phenomena worldwide.

"We have the backing of many scientists, and I look forward with confidence to the support of the world's nations," Gairy told the General Assembly's Special Political Committee.

He said he had also been encouraged by President Carter's apparent interest in the subject. Carter, who like Gairy says he once saw a UFO, recently instructed the National Aeronautics and Space Ad-

ministration to resume a UFO that had been suspended by Force 10 years ago.

Gairy, who says UFOs as vehicles used by extraterrestrial beings, has accused UN nations of stifling informal sightings.

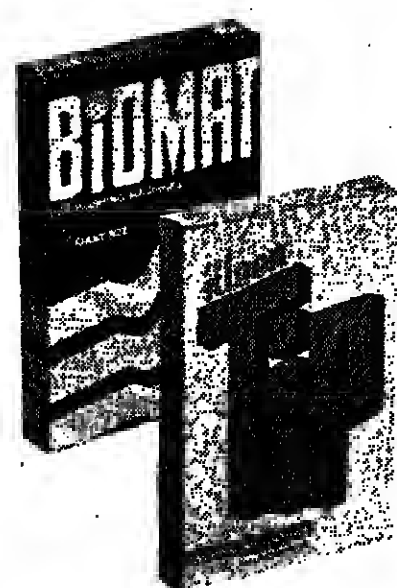
American sources said it will oppose a Grenadan proposal a new UN agency (UFO).

After Gairy's brief a Grenada delegate Wellington delivered a 30-minute lecture UFO research and theories. The presentation, some said the 140-nation committee guided with each other, while others, and some pored over a book on UFOs that Grenadians had distributed.

The committee is scheduled to resume the UFO debate today.



# TWO GOLD MEDALS



Two Gold Medals for the year 1977 were bestowed by the Jury of the European Quality Institute Monde Selection, on two Israeli washing powders TIP and BIOMAT produced by Witco Chemical, makers of KLEEN products, at a ceremony at the Cercle Municipal, Luxembourg.

One hundred and fifty companies from 49 countries participated in this year's Comparative Quality Contest.

הכלה מן האשל



After the Six Day War, a situation in the Gaza Strip. Monthly average of 30,000 are employed by Israel. "Green line," only about a third of the official labour force. The official labour force is the "black market" in Israel's labour law. The reasons for the black market are that the service suffers from a lack of manpower. The black market is now operating in the Strip. It is manned by only 13 with this limited staff they deal with wage scales, social benefits, medical care in the Strip and for medical services in Israel.

At the end of this year, the number of Gazans registered with these services was 20,000, of whom 8,712 were employed in Israel. In addition, 400 female were registered, but an official source noted that this number was not the majority of Gazans.

women preferred to find employment without recourse to the exchanges.

The number of male Gazans working "black" inside Israel was estimated at 20,000 per month.

Many local workers would prefer to be employed legally in Israel and thus obtain the maximum social benefits. They realise that only employment obtained officially can provide for their families in the event of their death through work accidents.

WHY DO tens of thousands refrain from applying to the labour exchanges?

For some, nationalistic or psychological reasons prevent them from registering with an official Israeli institution. Others are attracted by the higher wages prevailing on the black market, from which income tax is not deducted (in contrast to the monthly pay cheques issued through the employment service). Some also prefer the black market because they are paid in cash, on a daily or weekly basis. Many, furthermore, are unaware of the benefits they would derive from

official employment.

(It is surprising that the employment division of the Gaza military government does not publish information in Arabic about work opportunities. This would bring home to the Gazans the risk to their families of unassured employment.)

Gazans employed in Israel through the labour exchanges are entitled to an increasing range of social benefits. These include a paid annual vacation and sick leave; payment for religious holidays; free medical treatment for the worker and his family in the Gaza Strip and the refund of payments for medical treatment in Israel; grants for the first two children and a non-working wife; severance pay; free transportation to and from places of employment or a refund of travel costs; payment for work clothing; and paid annual recreation leave (hachana).

Gaza Strip workers employed locally or by Israeli plants in the

**GIDEON WEIGERT** explains why so many of the Gaza Strip workers employed in Israel reject the services of the official labour exchanges.

Erez Industrial Park receives only those social benefits accorded under local (Egyptian) law. These are far less comprehensive and less generous than those prevailing in Israel.

OBVIOUSLY, knowledgeable Gazans prefer to work in Israel.

Take 19-year-old Madhat Ismail Anayam. Armed with a certificate from his local "Falahin" vocational training centre (over 1,000 young men and women study at the centre every year), Madhat had come to one of the Gaza labour exchanges to

seek work in Israel.

The placement officer found him suitably qualified to work as a first-class beginner welder, but there were no openings in Israeli firms. He therefore suggested that Madhat go to an Israeli-run plant in the Erez Industrial Park, where wages and conditions are on the Gaza level.

Madhat at first refused point-blank.

"What! With six months' professional training, do you really think I'm prepared to work for IL80 or IL40 a day?" he asked indignantly. On the other hand, he wanted to work legally, preferring the benefits and security provided through the employment services to higher pay on the black market.

Only after the placement officer had, with infinite patience, explained the advantages of working temporarily in an Erez plant, did Madhat accept the job.

He agreed finally that it would be

beneficial for him in the long run — it would give him additional practical experience which would probably lead rapidly to higher pay. If still dissatisfied with the job he could give two weeks' notice and then receive severance pay. Before leaving Erez, he could look around for employment in neighbouring Ashkelon or elsewhere in Israel; if he found such a job, his future employer could "request" him via the Israeli labour exchange.

THE CASE of Omar Abdul Khaled, from Rafah, illustrates how such requests work out in practice. Omar, 41, had worked for six years at a plastics factory on the West Bank. But the cost of living was too high there and he decided to return to his two-room hut in the Rafah camp.

Three months ago, Omar presented himself at the Of-Ar textile mill at Ofekim, which employs some 180 Gazans and provides free transportation for them. Omar was hired on the spot as an unskilled worker, at a starting wage of IL80 a day. The mill "requested" him from the Rafah labour exchange.

"In the West Bank factory there

were few social benefits. Here at Of-Ar, after working only a few weeks I was given three days' holiday with full pay for Id el Fitr, just like a veteran employee."

A similar story is told by 24-year-old Bashir Ahmed Abu Nahal, from Gaza's al-Sha'at camp, who has been working at Of-Ar for five years. Social insurance is more important for him than higher pay, he says. Moreover, he appreciates the free and comfortable transportation. "I wouldn't dream of queuing up in the sun or the pouring rain to wait for public transport any more," he says.

Bashir started with a daily wage of IL20. Today he is a skilled worker and earns a basic IL75 a day, plus IL20 for a night shift, (one week in every three). He also earns a production premium of IL240 per month.

"My entire outlook on life has changed," Bashir says. "Now I am saving up to move my family from that wretched camp to a decent house, like some of my neighbours have already done, in the new shifonim for refugees on the outskirts of Gaza. I am ready to work even harder to give my children a decent life."

## cures lquacks l sound estment

TOR'S NOTEBOOK  
David Samson

holiday at the Dead Sea be my pericarditis? "What do I do about that new electrical high is supposed to help Should I put one in my son's room?" "Do you and the hot springs at for my rheumatism? Is it expensive involved?"

are typical of the questions I ask about health-cures and deal gadgets — usually in a chronic problem.

only doctor, I view it as one of the important tasks to give and reliable answers to — as part of my wider family's adviser on all matters.

entally I believe this the question posed on a revision programme in which a patient relationship was d: who should be the principal health counsellor? Is area has been a bit of a 10-man's land with a multi-agencies each playing a le but without any one al group coming forward or in both a competent and naive manner.)

asked these questions, I am d to giving accurate and guidance. I have to be deed not to let my natural n to inspire optimism and gement in my patients the manifest need to avoid g information, which could e hopes, possibly later to be with an adverse effect on dition.

chronic skin troubles such a and psoriasis, as well as ms of rheumatic disorders, run a long course rized by periods of con- e improvement and by d periods of deterioration. ten apparently occur in- ally of any formal medical t. Frequently some per- onal state or external cir- es are credited, or blamed, fluctuations. This is per- standable; we all have a tendency to explain bodily a way we find rational, at ourselves.

ways difficult, however, to n just how much such fac- responsible for changes in

## Remarkable Success!! DR. SCOTT'S GENUINE ELECTRIC BELTS

PRICE \$3.00 ON TRIAL



Dr. Scott's Genuine Electric Belts were recommended (the ad says) by "the most learned physicians" for "male and female weakness, nervous and general debility, rheumatism, paralysis" and more.

the severity of some complaints and how much is really attributable to the intrinsic history of the disease itself. This issue is further complicated by the well-established medical observation that the very belief that a particular treatment, action, or even a helping one's condition can often be of considerable, if temporary, benefit.

This is the so-called placebo effect. It can still operate even when it can be shown conclusively (by other methods) that the factor involved could not possibly *per se* be responsible for any therapeutic benefit.

As for health-cures, and para-medical gadgets, few properly designed and executed scientific investigations have examined them to determine their actual therapeutic value — apart from any placebo effect. Valid methods do exist for performing such studies. It is a pity that until now these have been mainly used in hospitals to establish the values of different in-patient procedures, the purely clinical (e.g. different drug treatments) and clinico-technical (e.g. different lengths of bed rest after a particular operation).

Such methods can be adapted for use outside hospital, but their application has not been widespread for many reasons. The investigations are usually quite costly and complicated, and usually there are powerful vested interests, which if not actually opposed to such objective and impartial studies, do not go out of their way to encourage or in-

GOLDA MEIR has scored an unprecedented triumph. She has proved that she can be a Superstar without benefit of lighting, make-up, stage-direction or script. On the contrary, "Golda" in quotation marks, written, directed, and produced by experts, is a flop.

But Golda on her own, returning from New York after the poor reception of the Broadway play about her life, was the centre of the stage in the opening Sadat-Begin show due to play to an audience of millions.

If I have twisted superlatives and mixed metaphors, it's because political happenings have become serious entertainment. What, actually, is today's relation between theatre and political reality? Between video tape and negotiations? Do events develop differently now that cameras follow around-unpredictable events? Or do we see only the commercials, and is backstage where the action is? Or — always a possibility — do the lines and the stage directions all come straight from some Great Producer up yonder?

## DRAMA LESSON

By HELGA DUDMAN

The word scenario is now used very often by political analysts. I don't think this is because they are trying to tell us that all the world's a stage, to which we don't have to pay admission except, from time to time, with our lives. I think, instead, they use "scenario" only because it's a fashionable word. I can't say that I like it, though it's better than "posture," which belongs in gym class.

MOSHE DAYAN, according to a report in the "Guardian," didn't like the way his "character" came out in "Golda," and objected especially to one bit of dialogue between him and the then Prime Minister for the reason that it never took place, ex-

## Perplexed

BRIDGE  
George Levinew

SOMETIMES you have to choose between bidding three no trump when you have only a single stopper in the enemy suit, or playing a major suit game with a 4-3 fit. This deal from the world championship in Manila illustrates the problem:

Both vul.

North (D)  
♠ Q 8 7  
♥ Q 7 6  
♦ A 10 9 7 6  
♣ Q J 6

West  
♠ K J 5 4  
♥ Q 8 6  
♦ K 3 1 2  
♣ K 3 1 2

East  
♠ A 6 5  
♥ A 10 9 8 7  
♦ K 2  
♣ A 10 9

The bidding at one table:

West 1♣ 2♦ 3NT  
East 1♠ 2♥ 3NT

The opening lead was a diamond to the ace, and a diamond return cleared the suit. East dared not lose the lead again until he made his contract. If he could. What were his choices? He could either (1) find North with the queen jack of hearts; (2) find the club queen-jack doubleton in East or West; or (3) win four spade tricks. The first play was the club ace, and North threw a smoke screen by dropping the jack. Next came the heart ace, but neither the queen nor jack appeared. So a try was made for the club queen, now to be a singleton. But the lady did not appear. So declarer faced the "moment of truth." Four spade tricks can be made if the queen were

## Solidarity week for Soviet Jews

A "Week of Solidarity with Soviet Jewry" will begin next Sunday here and abroad with the lighting of the first candle of Hanukkah, David Prital, secretary of the Public Council for Soviet Jewry, and Ruth Bar-On, director of the council's information department, announced on Monday at a press conference at Beit Agnon in Jerusalem.

The "Solidarity Week" was planned, at the suggestion of Prime Minister Menachem Begin, to coincide with the Hanukkah holiday, which commemorates the Maccabees' struggle for freedom.

It will include many events, beginning with the lighting of the Hanukkah candles at the Western Wall by Chief Rabbi Shlomo Goren in a ceremony to be attended by former Prisoners of Zion, Russian immigrants, and various officials.

A special prayer, composed by Rabbi Goren, will be recited in synagogues during the week, and a ceremony will be held at Ben-Gurion Airport for Russian immigrants arriving here on Sunday.

The week will close at a ceremony to be held in the Knesset on the last day of Hanukkah, when Knesset members will "adopt" Soviet immigration activists.

## MUSIC/Benjamin Bar-Am

THE ISRAELI PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA, Flank Paray conducting; soloists: Uri Flanka, violin; Michael Haran, cello (subscription concert No. 4, Tel Aviv, Marm Auditorium, November 30). Kaminski's Symphony Orchestra; Brahms; Concerto in A minor for violin, cello and orchestra; Saint-Saens; Symphony No. 3 in C minor Op. 78 (with organ) organist: Valery Matvey.

ONE COULD hardly imagine a more motley collection of sound than Kaminski's Symphony Orchestra, written in 1960. It contains organum, like passage, modality, conventional harmonic progressions, fragments of oriental melodies, Baroque polyphony, 20th century-like application of percussion, and more. Yet all these seemingly incongruous elements have been effectively integrated into a convincing symphonic structure. For Kaminski's wide experience as a concertmaster gave him excellent knowledge of the orchestra, which he has used cleverly in this piece. Listening to it was a most

pleasurable experience.

Brahms' Double Concerto did not, under Paray, emerge as intense and passionate as one might (perhaps mistakenly) expect it to be. It did have, however, the necessary breadth, stature and authority. Fortunately both soloists had the same approach and never slipped into merely personal commentary.

Flanka was the more impressive one of the two with his idiomatic phrasing, Haran, somewhat parsimonious musically and in tone volume, was thus slightly over-shadowed.

The most beautiful part of the concert was the Saint-Saens. His music is a far cry from anything spiritually profound but this 3rd symphony possesses considerable charm and beauty. But is Paray's magnificent performance that endowed the work with undeniable nobility. Paray's feeling for this music, which he probably has conducted for many decades, is incredibly appreciative, sympathetic and tender.



## AUSTRIAN WINTER HOLIDAYS

This winter take your vacation in Austria.

Winter makes Austria a charming, magical corner of the world. The snow-capped Alps, the winter sun shining down on the many ski resorts and the warm hospitality of the Austrians will make your Winter Holiday an unforgettable experience.

Nowhere in the world is winter more beautiful than in Austria.

BADGASTEIN — from AUS. 1,640.-  
BAD HOFGASTEIN — from AUS. 2,170.-  
KITZBUHEL — from AUS. 2,570.-  
ZELL AM SEE — from AUS. 1,920.-

Prices are per person in double rooms for 7 days and 7 nights, half-board.

A detailed folder with additional suggestions for Austrian Winter Holidays is available at all travel agents and at our offices.

Approx. rate of exchange:  
\$1.00=AUS. 14.50

## ABRIDGED STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT OF THE LONDON AND LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY LTD.

A CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT OF HEAD OFFICE

ABRIDGED BALANCE SHEET AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1976

	31.12.76	31.12.75		31.12.76	31.12.75
Investments	27,498	63,120	Capital Funds and Sundry Balances	16,486	30,160
Fixed Assets	125	147	Reserves for Unexpired Risks	11,213	19,070
Other Assets	18,259	15,911	in General Insurance	13,852	19,283
	50,882	79,178	Outstanding Claims	4,431	16,725
			Other Liabilities	50,882	79,178

DATA ON INSURANCE BUSINESS AND PROFITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1976

	31.12.76	31.12.75
Premium from General Insurance	35,389	43,318
Profit/(Loss) from General Insurance	(272)	(2,613)
Income from investments not included in Insurance Accounts	3,944	4,661
Profits (before provision)	3,672	2,050

B. DATA ON BUSINESS IN ISRAEL FOR THE YEAR 1976

	31.12.76	31.12.75
Premiums and Registration fees from General Insurance	2,472,438	3,582,621
Profit (Loss) on General Insurance, net of Head Office Expenses	(391,634)	1,373,556
Income from Investments not included in Insurance Revenue Accounts	32,713	70,273
Profit (Loss) before taxes on income	(423,204)	1,332,321

C. SUMMARY OF LIABILITIES AND INVESTMENTS IN ISRAEL AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1976

	31.12.76	31.12.75
Liabilities in Israel	111,000	111,000
Approved Investments in Israel	3,058	2,352
Surplus (Deficit) on Approved Investments in Israel	2,224	2,491
Unapproved Investments in Israel	(834)	139
	820	417

A complete and detailed report, together with Auditors' Report, is obtainable on request at the office of The Consolidated Near East Company of Israel Ltd., 115 Rehov Mahashmonim, Tel Aviv, and at the offices of "SURE" Agencies (BETHACH) Ltd., 32 Keren Hayesod St., Jerusalem.

This report is published in accordance with the Insurance Business Regulations of 1951.

E. RUTENBERG  
Managing Director  
Representative of the Company in Israel

## AUSTRIAN AIRLINES

2, Trumpeldor St. Tel Aviv, Tel. 53535

Representation of the Austrian National Tourist office.











WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1977 • VOL. XLVII, No. 14179

## Hussein on the fence

THE FIRST reaction in Jerusalem to Jordan's decision to decline the Egyptian invitation to the Cairo talks has been one of disappointment. Syria's rejection have been taken for granted; not so Jordan's.

However, the pains taken by King Hussein to balance his rebuff to Cairo with a refusal to participate in the anti-Sadat conference planned for Tripoli (let alone the one to be held in Baghdad) indicate that his "no" is not exactly final.

Jordan's equivocation is understandable. Over the past two years, King Hussein has been developing closer ties with Syria, and he is not anxious now to disturb them. Although there is still very little to show for all the brave talk of federation, it is enough to make it difficult for the Hashemite monarch to part company with President Assad.

The argument against breaking with Syria at this early stage may also have been bolstered by the demonstratively reserved approach of the Begin Government to the question of concessions on Israel's eastern front, the only one of interest to Hussein.

Above all it should be remembered that President Sadat's initiative, enthusiastically received in Israel, represented for most of the Arab states too widely radical a departure from traditional thinking to be easily welcomed.

Mr. Sadat may have felt himself strong enough, and perhaps even desperate enough, to risk temporary isolation in the Arab world; King Hussein is neither.

On the one hand he cannot be indifferent to the views of his wealthy neighbours to the south, the Saudis, who have taken a rather dim view of Sadat's bold independent — some Arabs would say reckless — policy. On the other hand, Jordan and Israel have been enjoying the benefits of a tolerable *de facto* state of non-belligerence for a good part of the 10 years since the Six Day War, a situation based on an obvious common interest in squelching the PLO.

King Hussein is thus in no great rush. But his present fence-sitting need not affect the momentum of the peace talks or prejudice their final outcome.

The weakness of the U.S. Administration's concept of Geneva was the insistence on tackling the most intractable aspects of the Arab-Israeli dispute all at once, and at the outset of discussions. This was almost a sure-fire recipe for failure. It is not necessary to engage in delusions about drawing Egypt away from the rest of the Arab world, to appreciate the advantages of an approach based on concluding a preliminary agreement with Egypt.

The appearance of success in even the early stages of such bilateral negotiations might provide the very incentive that could lure Jordan to Egypt's side.

## That vicious spiral again

FINANCE MINISTER Simha Ehrlich's new economic policy could conceivably work, and even accomplish wonders, on one condition: that he heats inflation. The 11.82% budget approved by the Cabinet on Sunday shows no signs of doing this.

The still-young Likud Government, which is so proud of the changes it is making in the policies of the previous administration, should bear in mind that the chief reason the Labour Alignment regimes were compelled to introduce an ever more complex web of administrative controls is that they were trying to hold inflation in check.

Now the main cause of inflation in Israel is deficit financing. Mr. Ehrlich is continuing that practice, despite the warnings of the Governor of the Bank of Israel. Unless the Cabinet changes course, the familiar vicious spiral will return, in a worse form perhaps than before. Prices will go up, so will wages, and the exchange rate — now uncontrolled — will plunge, pushing prices up further.

To check this ruinous process, the authorities may try by artificial means to prevent the exchange rate from falling. This will restore the black market. If the exchange rate is kept up, exporters will need compensation. That will bring back the system of export incentives. Before long the economic ministries will be resorting to all the devices for priming here and plugging there that Mr. Ehrlich thought he had abandoned.

The Estimates to be presented to the Knesset were hastily prepared, and a great deal of the material was based on guesswork, some of it obviously wrong. But certain facts are clear. They point to an increase in real terms in government expenditure and to a cut, for the fifth year running in investment in the country's economic infrastructure.

It is easy to announce grandiose new policies; it is harder to apply them where they hurt. Mr. Ehrlich has already shown the courage of his economic convictions. But he has faltered when it came to leashing public spending.

The ministers in Mr. Begin's Cabinet, each of whom has made his contribution to the inflation of budgetary expenditure, should ask themselves whether they have done their department, their party or their country any good by wresting a few million more pounds for this or that — probably important — governmental service, when the sum total of all their demands may put an end for yet another year to the country's prospects of renewed economic growth.

## THE MORNING AFTER

Sociologist LOUIS GUTTMAN analyses the public's reaction to the Sadat visit to Jerusalem as revealed by a continuing opinion survey.

WHEN HE VISITED Jerusalem, President Sadat fully succeeded in convincing Israel that he did not want a real peace. Israelis are not yet quite so convinced that there will be no more war with Arab countries, but their assessment of the possibility of peace with all the Arabs has increased considerably.

These are the conclusions to be drawn from the latest results of the Continuing Survey of the Israel urban population, gathered a few days just before the visit and a few days immediately following Sadat's departure. These data can also be compared with those of the 150 previous surveys in the series, going back to the Six Day War.

The Continuing Survey, which has been conducted jointly by the Israel Institute of Applied Social Research and the Communications Institute of the Hebrew University for the past 10 years, sends its interviewers into homes to ask questions worded so that they can be repeated in exactly the same way in many different situations. This is a unique method of studying the impact of unanticipated events.

Sadat's visit was such an event. Some of the same questions were asked routinely long before, just before, and just after the appearance of the Egyptian leader at the Knesset; the change in responses has provided objective evidence of its impact. There was no need to rely on subjective queries, such as "How were you influenced?" People might not even have been aware of how they had been influenced, or how much they had changed.

THE CHANGES that did occur are among the greatest ever observed in the Continuing Survey, comparable to some of those occasioned by the Yom Kippur War and by the Entebbe rescue operation.

The most marked change was over the prospects for peace. For the first time since the Six Day War, the vast majority of Jewish Israelis believe that Egypt really wants peace. Hitherto, the percentage thinking so varied between 40 and 50, depending on events. In the two days before the visit (Wednesday and Thursday), when it was fairly certain that Sadat would actually come, the positive reply jumped to over 80 per cent. And immediately after the visit, it jumped further, to 90 per cent.

The radically changed attitude towards Egypt rubbed off on attitudes towards the Arab countries as a whole. Over the past ten years, only a minority of Israeli Jews (20-40 per cent) believed that the Arab countries as a whole were interested in real peace with us. Just before the visit, the percentage went up to 64. After the visit, 80 per cent attributed positive intentions to all the Arab countries except Syria. The vast majority still believes that Syria is not interested in a real peace, but it is interesting that it does not now think that there will be any danger from an alliance between Syria and Egypt against Israel.

MOST REMARKABLE are the changes — in both directions — in the assessment of who the next war with the Arabs will come. Ever since the Yom Kippur War, only about 10 per cent of the Israelis have consistently thought that there will never be another war with the Arab countries. The rest have thought war might come within the next 10 years, the median estimate wavering around three years from the time of the survey. As the Sadat visit became imminent, the proportion envisaging an end of all war jumped to 24 per cent.

On the day after his appearance at the Knesset, the percentage believing that prospect of war had faded completely rose sharply to 54. On the following two days after his departure, the proportion dropped again, first to 51 and then right down to 32. Here we have the sharpest rise and fall in any of the variables studied. Despite the fall, the situation after the visit was still radically different to the eyes of Israelis from that of the preceding four years.

What is unchanged is the assessment of how to go about achieving peace. The vast majority continues to believe that there is no connection between achieving peace and returning to administered territories. Similarly, the vast majority is against returning to the 1967 boundaries, even with slight changes. Sadat also failed to dent the national consensus that there should not be a new Palestinian state in Judea and Samaria.

Nor is there any change in the assessment of the role of the United States in Arab-Israeli relationships. While the vast majority continues to believe that the U.S. sincerely intends to help Israel, it also suspects Washington of attempting to establish an independent Palestinian state and asking for too many territorial concessions from Israel.

One effect of the Sadat visit has been to make an increased majority feel that Israel should try to arrive at an agreement with Arab countries without waiting for American mediation. The vast majority continues to insist that Israel should resist any strong American pressure to impose a solution, and a majority believes that the U.S. is out to exert such pressure. But half the population believes it important that the UN keep up the huffer zone in Sinai.

THE VAST majority of the population continues to want to have nothing to do with Yasser Arafat or the PLO, and to believe that Russia is only out to harm Israel. The consensus also is that Jordan's King Hussein, does not represent the majority of the Palestinians. Most of the respondents believe that a Palestinian state in the West Bank would endanger our security, that returning territories will not make the Arabs ready to have a real peace with Israel.

While Israeli Jewish opinion is divided over the question of Judea and Samaria, the consensus is overwhelmingly against changing the status of the united city of Jerusalem. The consensus is also against basic changes in Sharm-el-Sheikh and the Golan Heights.

As to the Egyptian front, there always was readiness to return a large part of Sinai, and such willingness remains with respect to those parts still in Israeli hands.

A RADICAL change has also occurred in the assessment of the general situation of Israel. Before the May elections, most respondents thought it not so good. The assessment rose somewhat after the elections, and remained fairly stable until two weeks before the Sadat visit was known — when about 34 per cent thought it was "good" or "very good." In the couple of days before the visit, that figure rose to 44, and by the Wednesday after the visit it had jumped to 56. This is the highest rating given to Israel's situation since the Yom Kippur War.

This improved assessment may be associated with increased approval of the Begin government's handling of Israel's present problems. After Begin's visit to the U.S. in July, 70 per cent thought the government

Table 1. "Do you think there will be another war with the Arab countries in the coming years?"

Survey Period	% Yes, in the next few weeks or months	% Yes, perhaps in a year or two	% Yes, perhaps in 2-5 years	% Yes, perhaps in 5-10 years	% Perhaps after 10 years or more
1973 Oct. 30-31 After the ceasefire	22	30	28	11	9
Dec. 17-18 Kissinger shuttle	26	18	25	12	19
1974 Jan. 22-24 After separation of forces agreement	16	25	28	13	18
Nov. 20-22 After Arafat appears at UN	40	42	10	5	3
1975 Aug. 29-31 Eve of second separation of forces	10	42	30	15	3
Dec. 1-3	20	23	24	15	10
1976 Jun. 30-Jul. 4 Eve of and after Entebbe operation	2	40	34	11	9
1977 June 8-12 After Knesset elections	8	35	24	3	30
Nov. 16-17 Eve of Sadat's visit	17	14	14	6	49
Nov. 21 Sadat's departure	2	12	19	6	71
Nov. 22 Day after Sadat's departure	2	27	31	7	33
Nov. 23 Two days after Sadat's departure					

\* This category was not included in this survey.

Table 2. "Do you think Egypt is or is not interested in reaching a peace agreement with us on conditions that can be acceptable?"

Survey Period	% Definitely interested	% Perhaps interested	% Don't think interested
1970 November	5	25	40
1971 June	3	21	41
1973 Oct. 30-31 After the ceasefire	9	22	36
Dec. 17-18 Kissinger shuttle	7	25	34
1974 Jan. 22-24 After separation of forces agreement	9	47	33
Mar. 4-5	9	36	36
Nov. 20-22 After Arafat appears at UN	9	39	30
1975 Aug. 29-31 Eve of second separation of forces	12	35	32
Dec. 1-3	1	43	56
1976 June 30-Jul. 4 Eve of and after Entebbe operation	10	40	33
1977 June 8-12 After Knesset elections	22	43	15
Nov. 16-17 Eve of Sadat's visit	51	45	6
Nov. 21 Sadat's departure	48	45	7
Nov. 22 Day after Sadat's departure	47	53	9
Nov. 23 Two days after Sadat's departure			

was handling Israel's problems "well" or "very well." This assessment dipped to 62 per cent a couple of weeks before Sadat's visit, rose to 75 per cent on the eve of his arrival, and immediately after reached a peak of 87 per cent.

As in the past, changes in assessment of the government's handling of the situation do not have any immediate impact on support of political parties, and the Sadat visit has done little to change the voting intention of the Israel Jewish population.

Just after the Begin government took office last summer, the intention of voters moved even more in support of the Likud party, and it has remained fairly constant since then and until now, after the Sadat visit.

Likud could still possibly win a majority of the 120 seats of the Knesset although, as is usual between elections, about 25 per cent of the interviewees either do not have a definite idea or refuse to say whom they would vote for. "If elections were held today," among the remainder, Likud attracts over half of the 75 per cent answering. Alignment about one-fifth, and the Democratic Movement for Change less than one-tenth. The small parties to the extreme left or right seem to be on the verge of vanishing from the public's political preferences.

The mood of Israelis has been good for the last three or so years, bouncing back to normal within six months after the Yom Kippur War (which was not the "earthquake" for

Israeli Jews that Sadat's visit was. The recent Knesset election, after which it returned to normal, was a bit, a visit raised it a bit more. I unchanged by all these changes, staying consistently high, the term "euphoria," been so overdone in the weeks, a more apt phrase of Sadat's impact is "tempered optimism."

The author, a professor of Hebrew University, is director of the Israel Institute of Applied Social Research.

## READERS' LETTERS

### INTERNAL ALIYA

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — The issue of higher old age pensions for mothers of large families is being discussed in Switzerland today.

Switzerland, like Israel, has a low birth-rate. The argument in favour of preferential treatment for mothers of many children in their old age is that the children of today are the people who will be working tomorrow to make the payment of pensions for anybody possible. In our present society, children are not like formerly, there for the parents, but are an asset for society as a whole. They are the main long-term investment. In consequence, mothers who take the trouble to have children and bring them up and, for this reason, perhaps cannot pay large contributions towards social insurance, should receive preferential treatment in their old age. It is they who make it possible that social insurance can be paid at all.

Perhaps, some Swiss suggest, the contributions towards social insurance should be higher for those with few children, or no children at all, and much lower for those who bring up more children. Might this apply to Israel as well? Surely internal aliyah is at least as important as the much talked-about aliyah from other countries?

DR. RUTH BORCHARD  
Stansstad, Switzerland.

### PAP SMEARS

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — With regard to your recent article dealing with the rise of cervical cancer in Israel, as reported by Dr. Schechter of the Tel Aviv University Medical School, I would like to suggest routine Pap smears as one method of early detection. The practice of preventive medicine by Kupat Holim's gynecologists is what is necessary, instead of the evasive reactions received upon request for such an examination which is given routinely in Canada and the United States. If Kupat Holim is really concerned over the cost of the laboratory tests incurred by such examinations — one of the excuses given to me by a gynecologist — perhaps these proven, routine measures could be suggested to all women from the age of 30, unless otherwise indicated, to be given once a year.

Being Jewish and my Jewish partner is no deterrent for cervical cancer, another excuse given by gynecologists.

Rehovot.  
Kupat Holim replies:

At present, any gynecologist order a Pap smear for when he considers it indicated to the patient. Kupat Holim is considering making this test available to all women at nominal cost to the patient. Implementation of such a program will present many difficulties in the logistics in the financial considerations. Kupat Holim and the patient will have to discuss this. DR. J. J. J.

## A Compact Revolution from Canon



- Excellent Copies on Plain Paper
- Integrated Mechanisms
- With Solid State Electronics And ICs
- Fewer Maintenance Services
- Lower Cost
- Compact Streamlined Design
- Transparent Sealable Cassette Paper Feeding
- Easy Operation
- Quiet Copying

PLAIN PAPER COPIER  
**Canon 50**

**KARAT LTD.** WE MARKET QUALITY  
10 Montefiore St., Tel-Aviv 6155

## Income Tax and Property Tax Notices

### To: Vehicle Owners Deductions for Vehicle Expenses — Regulations Changed

The Knesset Finance Committee recently passed an amendment to income tax regulations, affecting deductions for vehicle expenses. The amendment has the effect of broadening the definition of "private vehicle," and this term will now include — for the purposes of the deduction of vehicle expenses — all types of station wagon, and cars with a door, whether the car has side windows or is a closed car, and even a vehicle is described in the licence as a "commercial vehicle." The "commercial vehicle" will cover, for the purposes of the regulation, pick-up vans (tenders) with a load compartment separate from driver's cabin, and commercial vehicles with a height greater than 1.70m., (e.g., minibuses, (autobus))

This amendment comes into effect on December 1, 1977.

- NOTES
- Deduction of vehicle expenses in accordance with the above will order in the tax return for the tax year 1977.
  - Companies and institutions which are required to pay advances on expenses must pay these advances, from December 1977, in accordance with the above.
  - Employees with staff to whom a vehicle is permanently allocated to calculate the income equivalence of the vehicle in accordance with above, from December 1977.
- N.B. The above amendment does not apply to employees who employ a driver. The amendment does not apply to the maintenance of the employees' vehicles.
- Additional details are available from assessment offices.

## "EVERY TIME I SEE AN ALFA ROMEO PASS BY, I RAISE MY HAT."

Henry Ford

Once in a lifetime you can quote the biggest car manufacturer in the world. Once in a lifetime the car of a lifetime is within your reach.

Own an ALFA ROMEO, a solidly built, sophisticated, elegant and sporting, combining ultimate driving comfort with the zenith of technical perfection and safety devices. You are welcome to visit our showrooms.



Kafrit Ltd. — Tel Aviv: 19 Darach Petach Tikva, Tel. 623441. Haifa: 98 Derech Ha'atzmaut, Tel. 526553.  
Agents: Tel Aviv: Alfa Romeo, Kikar Hamedina, 6 Rehov Hei Be'Yar, Tel. 252211, 259377. Jerusalem: Tip Top, 3 Rehov Shmuel, Tel. 222391. Haifa: Ofan S. Kravitz 92 Rehov Herzl (Beit Hataasia) Tel. 684885. Beer Sheva: Muskeil Hgsheryt, Derech Hebron Exor Hataasia Tel. 75777. Rehovot: Idan-Alfa, 6 Rehov Ahad Ha'am Tel. 954832. Holon: Yosef Ben-Yosef, 102 Rehov Hama'apilim (opposite the Licensing Office) Tel. 840328. Hadera: Alfa-Kaplan, 78 Rehov Hgshorim, Tel. 31319. Petach-Tikva Kiryat Ariz: Musah Shimon, Rehov Gshin, Exor Hataasia Tel. 926060.

## POSTSCRIPTS

NEXT Friday's Magazine will contain part of the story of what went on behind the scenes at the United Nations prior to the historic Partition resolution of November 29, 1947. The report is by Near East Research director, L.L. Kenen, who was there at the time. One of his many anecdotes:

At one point, the U.S. representative, Herschel Johnson, emerged from a sub-committee meeting and asked agitatedly: "How many dunams are there in an acre? Sometimes I'm told four, sometimes five."  
"Well," said Kenen, "it all depends on whether we're getting or giving."

BY NEXT SUMMER, glass-bottled soft drinks will be prohibited on Tel Aviv beaches. The bottles are often broken and barefoot bathers frequently cut themselves on the glass fragments.

The municipality is informing all

bottling companies, wholesalers and retailers about the new ordinance now, so that they will have ample time to switch over to plastic containers or tins before the new bathing season opens.

IT WAS Prime Minister Menachem Begin himself who decided, about an hour before President Sadat's touch down at Ben-Gurion Airport, that historic Saturday night, to switch the scheduled route of the motorcade.

The security authorities had posted many hundreds of police on the 20-kilometre section that passes Modi'in — an express bypass that will considerably shorten the journey between Jerusalem and Tel Aviv when it opens in a few months time. When Mr. Begin was driven to the airport via the new road, he was surprised to hear that Sadat would also use the route, but in the opposite direction. A small section of it was bumpy and still covered with gravel — not a proper route for a President, said the premier.

So he ordered a change to the old road, and within minutes, the logistic experts had transferred their forces to keep watch as Sadat drove by.

## THE ECONOMIST

November 26, 1977  
**SADAT-BEGIN:**  
Let's whisper peace  
On sale everywhere  
Brounman's Agency Ltd

Now on Sale  
★ Woman  
★ Woman's Own  
★ Woman's Weekly  
★ Woman and Home  
★ Woman's Journal  
Sole distributor  
**Steimatzky's**

Just Arrived  
IN FAWCETT PAPERBACK  
Wednesday  
The Rabbi  
Got Wet  
by  
Harry Kemeiman  
Sole distributor  
**Steimatzky's**

كلذا من الأصل